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| University of Baghdad |
| College of Veterinary Medicine | College Name |
| Surgery and Obstetrics | Department |
| Ali Abass Ajeel | Full Name as written in Passport |
|  | e-mail |
| **Professor**  | **Assistant Professor**  |  **Lecturer** |  **Assistant Lecturer**  | Career  |
| Congenital, Inheritedand Acquired Clinical Cases in Veterinary Clinic. | Research Title  |
| Single | M.J.Eesa ; A.A.Ajeel ; S.I.Saleh and A.A.Amin. | Shared name  | Shared or Single |
| 1stconference Vet. Med. Uni. Kufa. | Published Journal title  |
|  | Volume Number |
|  | Page  |
| 2011 | Year |
| During a period of 2010 year ,five congenital and acquired clinical cases were recorded. They brought to our clinic , which included hydrocephalus over the nasal cavity in new born calf ,It treated by complete lesion excision . The second cases ,four year old sheep having a subcutaneous tissue location of gravid uterus,recure by direct incision over swelling ,which two alive lambs were delivered. While the third cases ,fifteen days old cross bread calf with history of having duplication of mandibular lower jaw, blunt disseetion was used to separate of these jaws. The four cases, five year old dog with a history of having oblique femoral fracture. Intremedullary pinnig and cercilage wire was used to fixate this fracture.The last cases represented by moderate to sever contracted tendon of forelimbs in twenty days old cross bread calf. It treated by Z method, tenectomy of superficial and deep digital flexor tendens and suture by interrupted horizontal mattersy suture technique.  | Abstract |

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| Laparoscopic ovariectorny in goat with different techniques . | Research Title  |
| Single | M J Eesa, M A Alkailany and A A Ajeel | Shared name  | Shared or Single |
| Proceeding of the Ninth Veterinary Scientific Conference Baghdad | Published Journal title  |
| 2 | Volume Number |
| (79) | Page  |
| 2009 | Year |
|  | Abstract |

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| A COMPARATIVE STUDY BETWEEN TWO TECHNIQUES OF SUBTOTAL LAPAROSCOPICCHOLECYSTECTOMY IN GOATS . | Research Title  |
| Single | M. A. Alkhilani; M. J. Eesa; S. I. Saleh and A. A. Ajeel. | Shared name  | Shared or Single |
| The second scientific International conference , Vet. Med. College . Bas. Univ.(accepted). | Published Journal title  |
|  | Volume Number |
|  | Page  |
| 2010 | Year |
| A comparison between two techniques of subtotal laparoscopic cholecystectomy was studied to find the best technique for treating severe cholecystitis and to study the fate of the remaining part of the gallbladder. All experimental animals had inducing cholecystitis by clipping the cystic duct for five days which was enough for inducing cholecystitis in goats.  24 adult female goats were used in this study, which were divided randomly into two equal groups; subtotal laparoscopic cholecystectomy with cystic duct and cystic artery clipping by titanium clips (group A) and laparoscopic subtotal cholecystectomy without cystic artery clipping (only cystic duct clipping) (group B). Operations were performed under general anesthesia by using thiopental sodium at a dose of 15 mg/Kg. B.W. intravenously to maintain the inhalation anesthesia by endotracheal tube with a mixture of halothane (1.5- 2.5 %) and oxygen (2-3 %). The intraabdominal pressure with CO2 was used successfully at a low pressure 8-10 mmHg, which was enough for good vision and good manipulation of laparoscopic instruments. The liver function tests including; alkaline phosphates (ALP), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), total serum bilirubin and C- reactive protein were measured in different intervals; before operation (zero day) and at 1hr, 1st, 3rd, 5th and 7th postoperative day. The liver function tests showed a significant elevation (P< 0.05) in alkaline phosphates (ALP) and in the total bilirubin values in group B (P> 0.05) comparison with group A and no significant difference in alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST) and C- reactive protein between all experimental groups as well as time intervals. The biopsies were taken at the 3rd, 7th and 15th postoperative day for histopathological of the remaining part of gallbladder which showed that cholecystectomies could be performed successfully with the two techniques, although the superior of group C (unclipped cystic artery) through little degeneration in the remaining part of the gallbladder and offers best in the healing stages.  | Abstract |

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| **Professor**  | **Assistant Professor**  |  **Lecturer** |  **Assistant Lecturer**  | Career  |
| A Comparative study between complete and subtotal laparoscopic cholecystectomy in goats | Research Title  |
| Single |  | Shared name  | Shared or Single |
| **المؤتمر الطبي المشترك الاول لكليات المجموعة الطبية والسابع لكلية الطب** | Published Journal title  |
|  | Volume Number |
|  | Page  |
| 2011 | Year |
| A comparison between laparoscopic complete and subtotal cholecystectomy was studied to find the deference in treating severe cholecystitis and to study the fate of the remaining part of the gallbladder in subtotal cholecystectomy. All experimental animals had induced cholecystitis by clipping the cystic duct for five days that was appeared enough for inducing cholecystitis in goats. 24 adult female goats were used in this study, which were divided randomly into two equal groups; complete laparoscopic cholecystectomy(group A) and subtotal laparoscopic cholecystectomy with cystic duct clipped only by titanium clips and leaved the cystic artery without clipping (group B) and Operations were performed under general anesthesia by using thiopental sodium at a dose of 15 mg/Kg. B.W. intravenously to maintain the inhalation anesthesia by endotracheal tube with a mixture of halothane (1.5- 2.5 %) and oxygen (2-3 %). The intraabdominal pressure with CO2 was used successfully at a low pressure 8-10 mmHg, which was enough for good vision and good manipulation of laparoscopic instruments.The physiological activities and clinical symptoms which include heart rate, respiratory rate, temperature and return to the food and water were recorded at the same time of blood samples that took for liver function tests which were including; alkaline phosphates (ALP), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), total serum bilirubin and C- reactive protein were measured in different intervals; before operation (zero day) and at 1hr, 1st, 3rd, 5th and 7th postoperative day. The liver function tests showed a significant elevation (P< 0.05) in alkaline phosphates (ALP) and in the total bilirubin values in group B (P> 0.05) comparison with group A and no significant difference in alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST) and C- reactive protein between experimental groups as well as time intervals.The biopsies were taken at the 3rd, 7th and 15th postoperative day for histopathological of the remaining part of gallbladder in group B which showed that cholecystectomies could be performed successfully with the subtotal technique, although the superior healing through little degeneration in the remaining part of the gallbladder and best in the healing stages. | Abstract |

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